

# TransNGS® Tn5 DNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina® (for 5 ng DNA)

Please read the manual carefully before use

Catalog No. KP121

Storage: at -70°C for one year (at -20°C for 6 months)

## **Description**

TransNGS® Tn5 DNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina® is a reagent kit designed for Illumina high-throughput sequencing platform, suitable for preparing DNA library from 5ng initial sample (such as acquiring small genome, plasmid and PCR amplification product larger than 300 bp). The resulting library can be used for single-end or paired-end sequencing. This kit employs an in vitro transposition technique, which can simultaneously complete DNA fragmentation and adapter ligation within 5 minutes. In comparison to conventional library preparation method that requires DNA fragmentation, end repair, and adapter ligation, the in vitro transposition technique significantly shortens library construction time and simplifies the operation.

#### **Feature**

- · Time saving and simple operation
- · Require small amount of DNA

#### Application

Prepare short fragment DNA library for Illumina high-throughput sequencing platform from purified small genome (Bacteria, Archaea, dsDNA Virus, etc.), plasmid and PCR amplification product larger than 300 bp.

## Kit content

Component	KP121-11 (12 rxns)	KP121-03 (96 rxns)
Tn5-5 Enzyme Mix	24 μl	192 μl
5×Insertion and Digestion Buffer	36 μl	288 μΙ
4×Stop Buffer	60 μl	480 µl
TransNGS® Tn5 Library Amplification SuperMix (2×)	300 μl	4×600 μl
Library Elution Buffer (LEB)	600 μl	5 ml
Nuclease-free Water	1 ml	5 ml

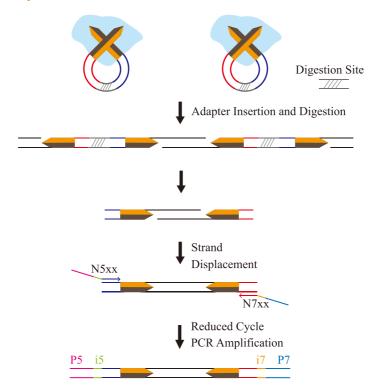
## **Initial Sample Requirement**

The initial sample should be purified DNA dissolved in Nuclease-free Water or 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH8.0), with an  $OD_{260}/OD_{280}$  value between 1.8-2.0. Fluorescent dye method (Qubit or PicoGreen) is chosen for specific dsDNA detection and DNA concentration measurement. The ratio of the concentration measured by absorbance method (such as Nanodrop) to the concentration measured by fluorescent dye method for the same DNA sample is  $\leq 2$ .





## **Principle Schematic of Library Construction**



## **Library Construction**

- 5' -AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACAC[i5]TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
- -XXXXXXXX-CTGTCTCTTATACACATCTCCGAGCCCACGAGAC[i7]ATCTCGTATGCCGTCTTCTGCTTG-3'

i5: Index 2, 8 basesi7: Index 1, 8 bases

-XXXXXXXX: inserted DNA.

## Protocol

Prepare the following reagents: freshly prepared 80% ethanol; *MagicPure*<sup>®</sup> Size Selection DNA Beads (Cat. No. EC401); *Trans*NGS<sup>®</sup> Tn5 Index Kit for Illumina<sup>®</sup> (Cat. No. KI101).

# 1. Adapter Insertion and DNA Fragmentation

The transposase Tn5 can react slowly at room temperature; therefore, the reaction mixture should be prepared on ice, mixed by pipetting, and immediately move to thermocycler for reaction. Thaw the 4×Stop Buffer completely at room temperature.

(1) Assemble the following reaction set in a sterile PCR tube on ice:

Component	Volume
Tn5-5 Enzyme Mix	2 μl
5 ng DNA	Variable
5×Insertion and Digestion Buffer	3 μl
Nuclease-free Water	Variable
Total volume	15 μl





- (2) Mix by pipetting up and down, if there is liquid on the walls of the tube, spin briefly and immediately proceed to the next step of the reaction.
- (3) Place the reaction tube in a thermocycler and incubate at 55°C for 5 minutes (lid temperature at 70°C).
- (4) Immediately place the reaction tube on ice, and immediately add 5  $\mu$ l of 4 $\times$  Stop Buffer to the tube. Mix by pipetting up and down, and place the tube on ice.

## 2. Library Amplification

(1) Add the following reaction components to the PCR tube on ice:

Component	Volume
Output of previous reaction	20 µl
TransNGS® Tn5 Library Amplification SuperMix (2×)	25 µl
N5xx*	2.5 μl
N7xx*	2.5 μl
Total volume	50 μl

- \* TransNGS® Tn5 Index Kit for Illumina® (Cat. No. KI101) provides 8 different N5xx barcode oligos and 12 different N7xx barcode oligos. Please choose as needed.
- (2) Mix by pipetting up and down. Spin briefly.
- (3) Recommended PCR amplification program:

72°C	3 min*	
98°C	3 min	
98°C	30 sec	
62°C	30 sec	9 cycles
72°C	30 sec	
72°C	3 min	
<10°C	Hold	

<sup>\*</sup> This step is indispensable. The transposition reaction product is not complete double-stranded DNA. Incubate at 72°C for 3 minutes to generate complete PCR templates.

## 3. Size selection of library amplification product

If there is no special requirement for fragment length, the enriched library can directly be purified with 1.0× DNA beads, rather than going through size selection steps.

*MagicPure*<sup>®</sup> Size Selection DNA Beads (Cat. No. EC401) is recommended for size selection of library amplification product. To avoid residual adapter or residual long fragments, it is recommended to perform fragment size selection twice, or to conduct DNA purification with 1.0× magnetic beads before size selection. The specific steps for fragment size selection are as follows:

- (1) Pre-warm the DNA beads for 30mins from 2-8°C to room temperature.
- (2) Transfer 50ul output from library amplification step into a 1.5ml sterile centrifuge tube. If the output is less than 50  $\mu$ l, it should be supplemented with Nuclease-free Water.
- (3) Vortex the magnetic beads to ensure thorough mixing. Add the appropriate volume of DNA beads to the PCR products (refer to table 1).

Volume of DNA beads to add = volume of DNA solution  $\times$  1st volume ratio.

For example: 30  $\mu$ l beads = 50  $\mu$ l DNA solution × 0.6

(4) Mix the sample thoroughly by pipetting up and down, then let it stand at room temperature for 5 minutes. Note: Insufficient mixing will lead to inconsistent size selection results.





- (5) Place the 1.5ml tube on a Magnetic Stand. Let it stand at room temperature for approximately 5 minutes until the solution becomes clear, allowing the magnetic beads to fully adhere to the tube wall close to the magnetic rack.
  - Note: If there is liquid on the tube wall, briefly centrifuge and then place it on the magnetic rack. Please make sure that all magnetic beads are fully attached to the tube wall.
- (6) Keep the 1.5ml tube on the Magnetic Stand, transfer the supernatant into another clean 1.5 ml tube. Discard the beads.
- (7) Add the appropriate volume of beads into the supernatant (refer to Table 1).
  - Volume of the beads to add = initial volume of DNA solution  $\times$  2nd volume ratio
  - For example: 7.5  $\mu$ l beads = 50  $\mu$ l DNA solution × 0.15
- (8) Mix by pipetting up and down. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
  - Note: Insufficient mixing will lead to inconsistent size selection results.
- (9) Place the 1.5 ml centrifuge tube on the magnetic rack and let it stand at room temperature for approximately 5 minutes until the solution becomes clear, allowing the magnetic beads to fully adhere to the tube wall close to the magnetic rack. Discard the supernatant.
  - Note: If there is liquid on the tube wall, briefly centrifuge and then place it on the magnetic rack, ensuring all magnetic beads are fully attached to the tube wall. Do not pipette the magnetic beads, as this may affect the final yield.
- (10) Keep the 1.5ml tube on the Magnetic Stand, add 200 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol into the tube and keep it at room temperature for 30 seconds without mixing. Then discard the supernatant.
  - Note: 80% ethanol must be freshly prepared, as it may affect the experimental results.
- (11) Repeat Step (10) once.
- (12) Keep the 1.5ml tube on the Magnetic Stand with the lid open, dry the beads at room temperature.
  - Note: Do not heat-dry the tube, as it may affect the final yield.
- (13) Remove the 1.5ml tube from the Magnetic Stand, add 23  $\mu$ l Library Elution Buffer. Mix by pipetting up and down or by vortex. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes.
- (14) Place the 1.5ml tube on the Magnetic Stand and wait for 2 minutes until the solution is clear, ensuring that all magnetic beads are fully attached to the tube walls.
  - Note: If there is liquid on the tube wall, briefly centrifuge and then place it on the magnetic rack. The room temperature stand time can be extended to 5 minutes, ensuring all magnetic beads are fully attached to the tube wall.
- (15) Carefully transfer 20 μl of the supernatant into a fresh EP tube, and store at -20°C.

## **Appendix**

Table 1 Reference conditions for size selection by MagicPure® Size Selection DNA Beads

Average Size of Selected Library (bp)	~330	~480	~680
Insert Size of Selected Library (bp)	~300	~350	~550
1st volume ratio (DNA Beads : DNA)	0.65×	0.6×	0.55×
2 <sup>nd</sup> volume ratio (DNA Beads : DNA)	0.15×	0.15×	0.12×





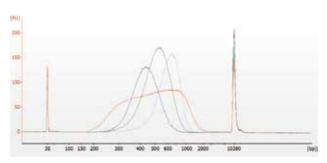


Figure 1 Reference of size selected library by *MagicPure*<sup>®</sup> Size Selection DNA Beads. Library amplification output - Bacteria library prepared by this kit, after 9 PCR cycles and 1.0× beads purification (red curve); or after 9 PCR cycles and size selection by 0.6×+0.1× (blue curve); 0.6×+0.15× (green curve); or 0.55×+0.12× beads (light blue curve).

## Note

If slight precipitate or turbid liquid is visible after thawing 4×Tn5 Digestion Mix, dissolve at 37°C water bath and mix thoroughly before use.

The transposase recognition sites exhibit a certain preference, resulting in each inserted fragment having 9 nucleotides at both ends that are not entirely randomly distributed, which means the first 9 nucleotides of each sequencing read show a certain preference (Table 2).

**Probability Statistics (%)** Base position 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 16.1325 36.29 38.2125 30.3475 34.4075 15.02 20.0375 21.08 24.8825 A 39.1625 35.6925 17.7975 23.9275 21.42 21.6425 T 10.3075 36.355 29.0425 31.4525 13.8025 13.2325 19.8475 19.0425 39.17  $\mathbf{C}$ 25.125 24.66 25.1125 13.21 14.2175 30.7575 25.8775 25.13 24.165  $\mathbf{G}$ 44.345 17.3975 20.96

Table 2 Transposase recognition site preference statistics table



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